

Native Plant Uses: Clue Worksheet

Instructions:

Use the Native Plant Book in the backpack to identify and learn more about the plants on this site. Look for clues in the book to help you with this worksheet.

If you find the plant on the site, create a symbol for it in the boxes. Draw the symbol on the map where you found the plant.

Word Bank

Bigleaf maple	Oregon grape
Douglas-fir	Oregon oak
Douglas hawthorn	Red alder
Common bulrush	Red-flowering currant
Nootka rose	Snowberry



Clues



Draw a symbol



Plants



- The red fruit of this plant is high in vitamin C and can be made into jam or tea.
- These nuts are very nutritious but bitter. Native peoples steamed, roasted or boiled them to make them edible.
- Ducks and geese hide from predators among these important wetland plants.
- Birds eat the berries from this tree, which was named after early explorer David Douglas.
- The oily smoke of this wood is prized for smoking salmon.
- These berries, from the Oregon state flower, are edible.
- Native peoples rubbed these white berries on their skin to treat rashes and sores.
- The seeds of this tree are food for many birds, like chickadees, and rodents such as squirrels, chipmunks and mice.
- Native peoples boiled the sap from this tree to make a tasty syrup.
- The berries of this plant are edible dried or raw, and can be used in jams or wine. Small mammals and birds also eat these berries.
